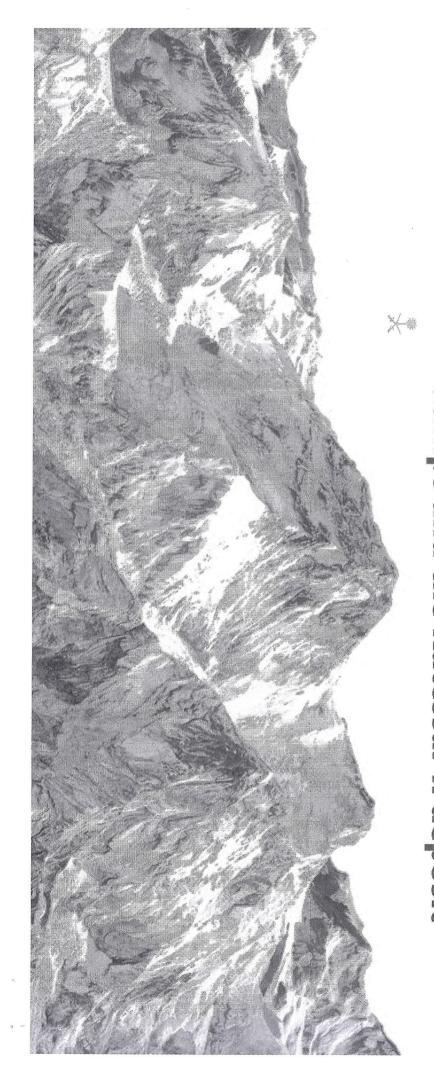


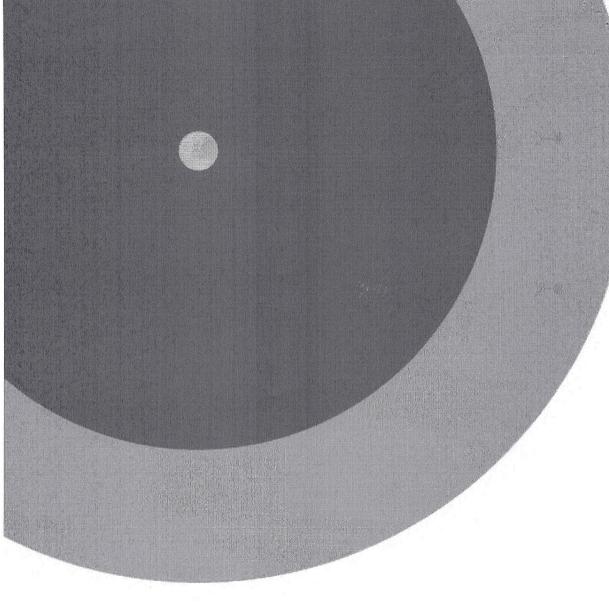
Ministry of Natural Resources, Ecology and Technical Supervision of the Kyrgyz Republic Kyrgyz Geological Survey





investment proposal for the development of rare earth metals on the basis of the Ak-Tyuz tailing dumps and the Kutessai-II deposit







Rare earth me

Rare earth metals (REM) are a group of 16 elements.

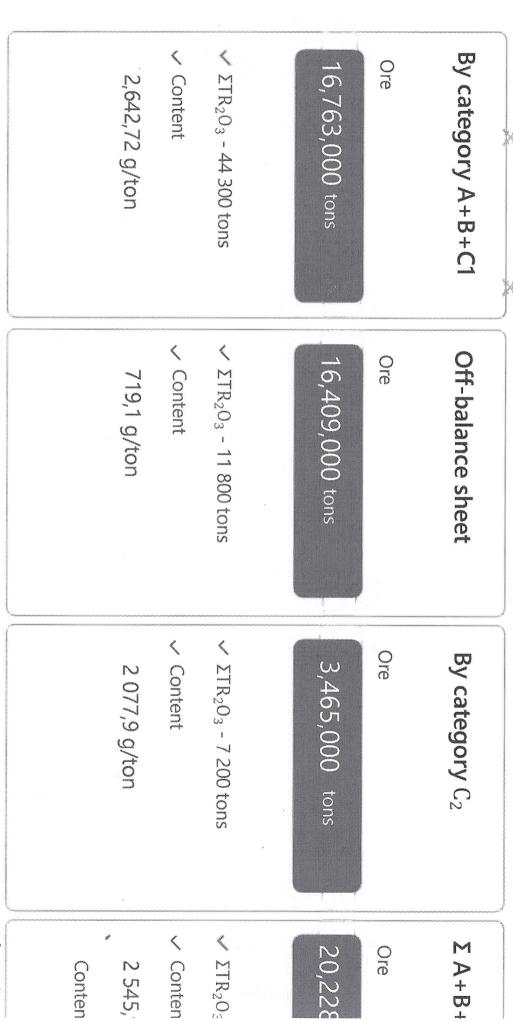
REM is widely used in various technological industries, such as the production of high-power magnets, catalysts, lasers, nuclear power, fiber optics, electronics and other high-tech sectors.

Due to their strategic importance for various industries, the extraction and processing of rare earth metals is a significant industrial activity.

Reserves of the Kutessai II deposit

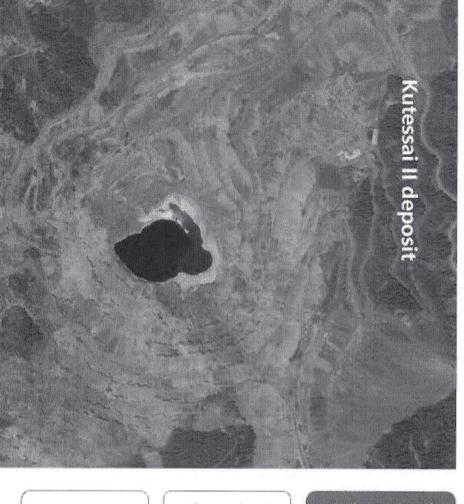
slope of the Tasa-Keminsky ridge, which is the watershed of the Maly and Bolshoy Kemin rivers. Geographical co Kutessai II is located on the territory of the Keminsky district of the Chui region. It is orographically located on

the deposit: 760,070,270 sq.s. and 420,510,320 sq. d.



Data on tailings dumps

Orlovka Boordun tailing dump is located 3.8 km south of the city of located in the area of Ak-Tyuz settlement, the fifthThe 1995), 5 tailings dumps were formed. Four tailings dumps are As a result of the production activities of JSC KHMZ (1942)



average particle size is 0.138 mm, the average density is1.60 g/cm3 The weighted

tailingsdumps No. 1, 2, 3 –3.1 million Total volumes for

Buurdinsky tailings dump5.1 million tons Volumes of the

> is carried out at 4 tailings Audit work for economic



Buurdinskoye tailing



thousand tons

Tailing dump No. 1Th 370.6 thousand. m3: volume is 3.2 million. million tons



tons thousand. m3 = 800Tailing dump No. 2vc



thousand tons 1050 thousand. m3 = Tailing dump No. 3Th

Technical and economic calculation

Production capacity.		Profit before tax.		Chemical and metallurgical plant.Operational and depreciation expenses.	Mining and processing costs. Operational and depreciation expenses.	Mining and technical costs.	Name
1 million tons	380,334,000	418,000,000	37,666,000	13,666,000	17,500,000	6,500,000	Amount in US\$ (Per year)

Economic indicators

Mining costs:

S. C.		Z _i
	* 48,000,000	In an open way
Total:	X	
	65,000,000	Underground way
	48	
113,000,000	48,000,000 + 65,000,000 = 113,000,000	Total of US\$ (Over 18 years)
6,5	113/18 years =	Annua

Mining and processing costs:

		킪
Total:	45,000,000	Capital expenditures
	270,000,000	Operating costs (over 18 years)
315,000,000	45,000,000 + 270,000,000 = 315,000,000	Total of US\$ (Over 18 years)
17,5	270/18 years	Annua

Chemical and Metallurgical plant:

Total of US\$ (Over 18 years)

Annua

<u>Z</u>

Капитальные затраты

Operating costs (over

Total	30,000,000	
	216,000,000	18 years)
246,000,000	30,000,000 + 216,000,000 = 246,000,000	lotal of US\$ (Over 18 years)
13,6	246/18 years	Anna

Total costs



Miningand technical costs:

48 million

65 million



113/18 years =\$ 6.5 million/year

Mining and processingcosts:

45 million - Capital expenditures

15 million - Operating costs

15 million × 18 years = 270 million \$

270 million \$ + 45 million \$ = 315 million \$/over18 years

315 /18 years = \$17,500 million/year

Chemical and Mei

30 million - Capital (

12 million - Operatir

12 million × 18 years

\$ 216 million + \$ 30 million/over18 years

246 /18 years = \$ 13

Cost price

Recycling

Processing - 1,000,000 million tons \times 2,545.97 g/t $\Sigma TR203$ - 2,545.97 tons of iron in ore/ear of extracti 1,900 tons/year of metal

Concentrate yield – 5% total: 50,000 tons of concentrate per year

The content in the concentrate is $\Sigma TR2O3 - 38 189.55 \text{ g/ton} = 3.8\%$ of the concentrate



For the extraction of 1 million tons of ore = \$ 6.7 million

Depreciation funds (annual) - \$4.1 million/year

Operating costs - \$ 27 million/year

Total: 1 ton of concentrate = \$ 757.32 (cost) = 34,370.5 grams = \$ 22.03 per kilogram of metal

Ongoing work at the Buurdinsky tailings dump

Geological tasks

- 1. Carrying out search and evaluation work on the entire area of work.
- 2. Carrying out a complex of exploration works for polymetals, in order to calculate reserves and allocate an area for industrial development.
- Conducting technological studies of tailings and determining the possibility
 of obtaining commercial concentrates from them using modern equipment
 and the latest enrichment methods.

The tasks are solved by the following types of work:

Generalization and analysis of geological materials;

- Conducting search and filming operations;
- Core drilling and sampling;
- Geophysical and technological research;
- Topo-surveying service of mining operations
- Construction and restoration of access road Analytical research and reporting.

8 7	Ó	U	^	ω	N	-	7 6
Hydrogeochemical studies Preparation of the report	Laboratory technological research	Chemical analysis for Pb, Zn, Au, Ag, Cu, In, TR, etc.	Assay for gold and silver	Spectral analysis	Topographic and geophysical work on the surface	Core drilling of wells	Types of work
probe squad/day	probe	probe	probe	probe	ha and the second secon	P.M. (square)	Unit of measurement

Reserves of the Kutessai II deposit

As of 01.01.1992, in the author's figures in the following amount (Protocol No. 445 of October 31, 1995.)

attention